RAMAKRISHNA MISSION VIDYAMANDIRA (Residential Autonomous College under University of Calcutta)			
FIRST YEAR B.A./B.SC. SECOND SEMESTER (January – June) 2013 Mid-Semester Examination, March 2013			
Date : 05/03/2013	<b>PHYSICS</b> (General)		
Time : 12 noon – 1 pm	Paper : II	Full Marks : 25	

# Answer five questions from Gr-A, Gr-B and Gr-C

# Use three separate scripts, one for each group.

Group – A

### Answer any one question.

1. What is rigidity modulus ? Deduce its relation with Young's modulus and Poisson ratio for a solid homogeneous body. 1+4

2. A solid cylinder of length L and radius R is fixed at its upper end and a twist is applied at the free end. Derive an expression for moment of the twisting couple on it. 5

#### **Group-B**

#### Answer any two questions.

3. What is optical path ? State Fermat's principle and hence prove the laws of refraction. 1+4 4.a) Find the ratio of two principal focal lengths of a spherical refracting surface separating two homogeneous media of refractive indices  $\mu_1$  and  $\mu_2$ . 2

b) There is a sign of ink on the surface of a sphere of glass. If the sign is directly viewed from the opposite surface, find the position of the image.

5. Two convex lenses of focal lengths  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  are kept separated by a distance d on the common axis. Calculate the equivalent focal length of the system and its position from the first lens. 5

### **Group-C**

# Answer any two questions

6.a) Mention the characteristics of a simple harmonic motion.	
Give an example of this kind of motion.	2+1
b) Define amplitude of oscillation and its time period.	1+1
7. Establish the differential equation of a simple harmonic motion from its definition and	d find out its
solution.	2+3
8.a) Two SHMs with different amplitudes and phases, but with same time period act on a	ι body
collinearly. Find out the resultant SHM when the component motions are composed. If th	e phase
difference of the component SHMs is 180°, what will be the resultant SHM?	4+1